

Simultaneous Observations of an Active Repeater FRB 20240114A with LOT & FAST

Tetsuya Hashimoto



On behalf of LOT-FAST FRB Team

(c)Shotaro Yamasaki, Tomotsugu Goto, Chow-Choong Ngeow, Chen-hui Niu, Yuhao Zhu, Tsung-Ching Yang, Bjorn Jasper Raquel, Howard Chuang, William Chang, Simon C.-C. Ho, Tzu-Yin Hsu, Mohanraj Madheshwaran, Yuu Niino, Yu-An Chen, Di Li, Pei Wang, Junshuo Zhang

ASROC 2025@NFU, 17 May 2025



I. Motivation

- 2. Strategy/Observation
- 3. Result & Discussion

4. Conclusion



I. Motivation

- 2. Strategy/Observation
- 3. Result & Discussion

4. Conclusion

Fast Radio Bursts (FRBs) Since 2007



cf. talks by Chin-Ping/Zi-Jia Vignesh (next, galactic environments of FRBs) Shotaro (next next, FRB radiation) Tomoki (this afternoon, FRB radiation) Tsung-Ching (tmr afternoon, FRB cosmology) Mohan/Che-Cheng (Posters)

Credit: Danielle Futselaar

Mystery: Coherent Radiation Mechanism(s)

Keane 2020, Nature



 Pulsar radio emission mechanisms remain controversial for ~60 years



Mystery: Coherent Radiation Mechanism(s)

Keane 2020, Nature

Pulsar: \bullet controversial for ~60 years FRBs: **10 orders of mag. brighter** \rightarrow Even more extreme cf. Shotaro's talk (next next) Tomoki's talk (this afternoon)



Surviving Theories of FRB Emission?



Lyutikov+16, Kumar+17, Zhang 17, Lyubarsky 20, Kumar & Bošnjak 20, Ioka & Zhang 20, Lu+20, Lyutikov & Popov 20, Katz 20 Lyubarsky 14, Murase+16, Waxman 17, Beloborodov 17, Metzger+17, Margalit +20, Yu+20, Yuan+20

Surviving Theories of FRB Emission?



Challenging to distinguish models with radio data alone... \rightarrow Solution lies in multiwavelength properties !

A Big Question: Optical Counterparts?



Distinguishing FRB Models: Optical Predictions

Yang et al. 2019

Log (optical / radio)

22

To constrain





I. Motivation

2. Strategy/Observation

3. Result & Discussion

4. Conclusion

Targeting Hyper-Active Repeater FRB 20240114A

(A new source discovered by CHIME/FRB in January 2024)

 Hyper active source ever : more than 12,000 bursts detected by FAST as of Nov. (Zhang+ in prep.)

FAST Detections		A slide from
FRB	Burst	Junshuo Zhang
FRB 20121102A	>6000	Wang P. et al. In prep. Wang YD. et al. In prep.
FRB 20190520B	444	Niu CH. et al. 2022. Zhu YH. et al. 2024.
FRB 20201124A	>5000	Xu H. et al. 2022. Zhang YK. et al. 2022. Xu JW. et al. In prep.
FRB 20220529A	>1100	Li Y. et al. Submitted.
FRB 20220912A	~ 1300	Zhang YK. et al. 2023.
✓ FRB 20240114A	>12000	Zhang JS. et al. In prep



✓ Host is known & nereby:

A dwarf star-forming host galaxy at z = 0.13 (Bhardwaj+2024)

→ Most suitable target



Pls: Di Li, Pei Wang,
& Junshuo Zhang
500 m radio single dish

X

Overlapping exp. time of FRB 20240114A : <u>20 min x 2 = 40 min</u> (on 7 &14 July 2024) PI: Tetsuya Hashimoto thx to Chow-Choong Im optical CMOS (17 ms time resolution)

We appreciate LOT staff and TEEP/IIPP programs by NSTC and





I. Motivation

2. Strategy/Observation

3. Result & Discussion

4. Conclusion



The Brightest Pulsar-Like Scenario Marginally Excluded

- Preliminary 1-m LOT limit comparable to that by 8-m optical telescope
- Thanks to many radio-bright bursts & high-time resolution

"Small but BIG"



Conclusions

- **I.** Optical counterpart = Key to understanding FRBs
- 2. FAST detected 64 FRBs during our LOT observations
- 3. Our strong upper limit marginally excludes the brightest scenario of the optical counterpart

Can achieve big results using small instruments

Backup Slides



- I. Motivation
- 2. Strategy
- 3. Observation
- 4. Result & Discussion
- 5. Conclusion

Strategy for Simultaneous Observations?

I. Known repeaters

Because we need to know their coordinates in advance

2. <u>Repeaters must be active to secure FRB detections</u>

Because we constrain the prompt multiwavelength nature of FRBs \rightarrow high-sensitivity in radio \rightarrow FAST! (500m)

S

3. Flexible optical telescopes with CMOS camera

Because repeaters have time-dependent burst activity \rightarrow ToO \rightarrow Lulin Observatory Telescope! (Im) LOT/CMOS test (Day 0) & observations (Day 1-2) were made by PI and students



July 14 (Day 2)









- I. Motivation
- 2. Strategy
- 3. Observation
- 4. Result & Discussion

5. Conclusion

>78 Bursts Detected by FAST !

Credit: SY / Courtesy: Junshuo Zhang



- I7 bursts within
 20 min on 7 July
- 61 bursts within
 20 min on 14 July

Very active ~100 hr⁻¹ (detection almost guaranteed in radio) but still epoch dependent



- I. Motivation
- 2. Strategy
- 3. Observation
- 4. Result & Discussion

5. Conclusion

A "Galactic" Event on 28 April 2020



Understanding FRB-magnetar connection becoming very important!

>78 Bursts Detected by FAST



17 bursts within 20 min on 7 July61 bursts within 20 min on 14 July



Repeaters vs non-repeaters

Credit: Simon C-C. Ho

Non-repeating FRB

Sources observed to emit

only one burst

Shannon+24



Repeaters vs non-repeaters

Hessels+19





Repeaters vs non-repeaters





Two types, different origins? Do all FRBs repeat?

VS

Their burst properties look different...

Pleunis et al. 2021 (see also CHIME/FRB C. et al. 2021)



Statistically different properties - intrinsic to the population?

Statistically-dominant FRB surveys

FAST

CHIME



Arecibo (R.I.P.)





Large-FoV uniform survey of "many unlocalized" sources → Population study (PART I)

High-sensitivity monitoring of "some localized" active repeating sources → Repeating source study (PART II)

A Special Galactic FRB Event from Magnetar Bursts

Magnetars (strongly-magnetized neutron stars): One of the origins

Bochenek+ 20, CHIME/FRB+ 20, Mereghetti+ 20, Li+ 20, Ridnaia+ 20, Tavani+ 20



However, origins for extragalactic FRBs remain unknown...

Cosmological Fast Radio Bursts (= FRBs)

Brightest radio flashes! Extremely high $T_{\rm B} = 10^{32-36}$ K

FRB Cosmology! Huge dispersion measure $\rightarrow z$





loka 03, Inoue 04, Macquart+20, and many

Lorimer+07, Thornton+13, and many