

Growing quasi-freestanding phase germanene on Ag₂Bi alloy surface

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In this work, we study the growth of germanene on Ag₁₁₁ basis that depositing Bi atom. Bi will form three structures on Ag₁₁₁ according to different deposition amounts: Ag₂Bi-Root3 X Root3 R30, Bi/Ag₁₁₁-(p x root3), and Bi(110)/Ag(111). We use LEED (low energy electron diffraction) to investigate the germanene lattice structures formed by depositing Ge on two different Bi/Ag₁₁₁ surfaces:

1. Ag₂Bi-Root3 X Root3 R30 alloy structure
2. Coexistence structure of Ag₂Bi-Root3 X Root3 R30 with Bi/Ag₁₁₁-(p x root3)

Using ARPES to measure the surface band structure and core-level variations in two distinct regions can be employed to compare with LEED results and draw conclusions. Finally, we constructed lattice models of the coexistence of Ag₂Bi surface alloy - Root3 X Root3 R30 on Ag₁₁₁ substrate and Bi/Ag₁₁₁-(p x root3) in order to explain the interesting structures observed in the second part of the experiments

Primary author: YU, Jang-Hung (國立清華大學物理系)

Co-author: Mr PENG, Chieh-Wei (國立清華大學物理系)

Presenter: YU, Jang-Hung (國立清華大學物理系)

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